UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): March 2, 2021

CVR ENERGY, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	**001-33492**	**61-1512186**
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)	(Commission File Number)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

2277 Plaza Drive, Suite 500
Sugar Land, Texas 77479
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(281) 207-3200**

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, $0.01 par value per share	CVI	The New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure

Beginning March 2, 2021, the Company will be using the Investor Presentation (the "Investor Presentation"), which contains forward-looking statements, in meetings with certain current and potential investors and analysts. The Investor Presentation, available on the Investor Relations page of the Company's website at www.CVREnergy.com, is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K ("Current Report") and is incorporated herein by reference.

The information in this Current Report and Exhibit 99.1 is being furnished, not filed, pursuant to Items 7.01 and 9.01 of Form 8-K. Accordingly, the information in Items 7.01 and 9.01 of this Current Report, including Exhibit 99.1, will not be subject to liability under Section 18 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and will not be incorporated by reference into any registration statement or other document filed by the Company under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, unless specifically identified therein as being incorporated by reference. The furnishing of information in this Current Report, including Exhibit 99.1, is not intended to, and does not, constitute a determination or admission by the Company that the information in this Current Report, including Exhibit 99.1, is material or complete, or that investors should consider this information before making an investment decision with respect to any security of the Company or any of its affiliates.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) Exhibits

The following exhibit is being "furnished" as part of this Current Report:

Exhibit Number	**Exhibit Description**
99.1	Investor Presentation to be used beginning March 2, 2021.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (the cover page XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: March 2, 2021

CVR Energy, Inc.

By: /s/ Tracy D. Jackson
Tracy D. Jackson
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

CVR Energy®

March 2021 Investor Presentation

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements ("FLS") which are protected as FLS under the PSLRA, and which are based on management's current expectations and be as a number of assumptions concerning future events. The assumptions and estimates underlying FLS are inherently uncertain and are subject to a wide variety of significant bu economic uncertainties and competitive risks that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in the prospective information. Accordingly, there can be assurance CVR Energy, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, "CVI", "CVR Energy", "we", "us" or the Company") will achieve the future results we expect or that actual results will r materially from expectations. Statements concerning current estimates, expectations and projections about future results, performance, prospects, opportunities, plans, action events and other statements, concerns, or matters that are not historical facts are FLS and include, but are not limited to, statements regarding future: crude oil capacities; strat of our locations; crude oil, shale oil and condensate production, quality and pricing (including price advantages) and our access thereto (including cost of such access) via our log assets, truck fleet, pipelines or otherwise; fertilizer segment feedstock diversity and costs, marketing agreements and utilization rates; impacts of COVID-19 on the Company an demand; strategic initiatives including our ability to operate safely, control costs and maintain our balance sheet and liquidity; Environmental, Health & Safety incident rate imp reduction in RINs exposure through biodiesel blending, development of wholesale or retail businesses or otherwise; renewable diesel projects including the cost, timing, benefi capacities, phases, board of director and regulatory approvals, completion, production, processing, capital investment recovery, feedstocks, margins, credit capture and RIN imp thereof; the ability to return converted unit to hydrocarbon processing or install additional reactor following renewable conversion; lost opportunities and capture rates; cash fl preservation including reductions in capital spending or in operating expenses and SG&A; timing of turnarounds at our facilities; market recovery; gathering volumes realized fr acquired Oklahoma pipeline assets; potential near-term opportunities; pipeline reversals; gathering volumes (including growth thereof); reduction of Cushing WTI purchases; al create long term value, invest in high return projects, improve feedstock supply and product placement, provide above average cash returns, reduce cost of capital, optimize ca structure, diversify market driver exposure, offer synergies, maintain attractive investment profile, repurchase shares/common units, divest non-core asset, and maintain debt capital structure profile in line with peers; availability of merger and acquisition opportunities; levels of organic growth investment; pipeline space; complexity; optionality and our crude oil sourcing and/or marketing network; sales of blended products and RIN generation; product mix; liquid volume, gasoline and distillate yields; cost of operations; th and production; the macro environment (including improvement thereof); mid-continent supply and demand as compared to US average; crack spreads (including improvemer crude oil differentials (including our exposure thereto), product demand recovery, and inventory decline; cash flows from a renewable diesel project; RIN and low carbon fuel st credit pricing; expiration or extension of the blenders tax credit; refining margin and cost of operations as compared to peers or otherwise; capital and turnaround expenses, tir activities for both refining and fertilizer segments; global and domestic nitrogen demand and consumption; gasoline and ethanol demand destruction resulting from COVID-19, impact on corn demand and fertilizer consumption; impact of corn stocks and pricing on nitrogen fertilizer demand and pricing; ability to minimize distribution costs and maxim pricing; weather; population growth; amount of arable farmland; biofuel consumption; diet evolution; product pricing and capacities; logistics optionality; rail access and delive sustainability of production; facility utilization rates; maintenance spending; growth capex projects and budget; corn demand, stocks, uses, pricing, consumption, production, pl yield; continued safe and reliable operations; and other matters.

You are cautioned not to put undue reliance on FLS (including forecasts and projections regarding our future performance) because actual results may vary materially from tho expressed or implied as a result of various factors, including, but not limited to those set forth under "Risk Factors" in the Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Fo and any other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission by CVR Energy, Inc. ("CVI") or CVR Partners, LP ("UAN"). These FLS are made only as of the date hereof. Neith UAN assume any obligation to, and they expressly disclaim any obligation to, update or revise any FLS, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, exce required by law.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Certain financial information in this presentation (including EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA) are not presentations made in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Princi ("GAAP") and use of such terms varies from others in the same industry. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered as alternatives to income from continuing oper income from operations or any other performance measures derived in accordance with GAAP. Non-GAAP financial measures have important limitations as analytical tools, and not consider them in isolation or as substitutes for results as reported under GAAP. This presentation includes a reconciliation of certain non-GAAP financial measures to the mo comparable financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP.

Mission and Values

Our Guiding Principles

Our mission is to be a top-tier North American petroleum refining and nitrogen-based fertilizer company measured by safe and reliable operations, superior financial performance and profitable growth.

Our core values define the way we do business every day to accomplish our mission. The foundation of o company is built on these core values. We are responsible to apply our core values in all the decisions we mak and actions we take.

Safety - *We always put safety first.*

The protection of our employees, contractors and communities is paramount. We have an unwavering commitment to s above all else. If it's not safe, then we don't do it.

Environment - *We care for our environment.*

Complying with all regulations and minimizing any environmental impact from our operations is essential. We understar our obligation to the environment and that it's our duty to protect it.

Integrity - *We require high business ethics.*

We comply with the law and practice sound corporate governance. We only conduct business one way – the right way w integrity.

Corporate Citizenship - *We are proud members of the communities where we operate*

We are good neighbors and know that it's a privilege we can't take for granted. We seek to make a positive economic ar social impact through our financial donations and contributions of time, knowledge and talent of our employees to the p where we live and work.

Continuous Improvement - *We foster accountability under a performance-driven cultu*

We believe in both individual and team a success. We foster accountability under a performance-driven culture that sup creative thinking, teamwork, diversity and personal development so that employees can realize their maximum potentia use defined work practices for consistency, efficiency and to create value across the organization.

Company Overview

Mid-Continent Focused Refining & Fertilizer Businesses

CVR Energy is a diversified holding company primarily engaged in the petroleum refining and nitrogen f manufacturing industries. CVR Energy's Petroleum segment is the larger of the two businesses and is comprised Mid-Continent complex refineries and associated logistics assets. Our Nitrogen Fertilizer business is comprised ownership of the general partner and approximately 36 percent of the common units of CVR Partners, LP.

Petroleum Segment

- 2 strategically located Mid-Continent refineries close to Cushing, Oklahoma
- 206,500 bpd of nameplate crude oil capacity
- Direct access to crude oil and condensate fields in the Anadarko and Arkoma Basins
- Complimentary logistics assets and access to multiple key pipelines provide a variety of price advantaged crude oil supply options – 100% exposure to WTI-Brent differential
- 97% liquid volume yield & 94% yield of gasoline and distillate[1]

Fertilizer Segment

- CVI owns the general partner and 36% of the common units of CVR Partners, LP (NYSE: UAN)
- 2 strategically located facilities serving the Southern Plains and Corn Belt
- Diverse feedstock exposure through petroleum coke and natural gas
- Consistently maintain high utilization rates at production facilities
- Marketing agreement with LSB Industries Pryor, OK, facility's UAN production

(1) Based on total throughputs; for the last twelve months ended December 31, 2020

Strategic Priorities

Focus on Operating Safely, Controlling Costs and Maintaining Balance Sheet & Liquidity

Improve EH&S Performance

Continuing to improve in all Environmental, Health and Safety matters - Safety is Job

- ✓ Petroleum Segment and Consolidated environmental events were down 41% and 19%, respectively, for 2020 compared to 2019.

Preserve Cash Flow

Focusing capital spending on projects that are critical to safe and reliable operations and implementing operating and SG&A expense reductions

- ✓ Reduced 2020 capital spending plan by over 40%. Exceeded $50 million targeted annual reduction in operati expenses and SG&A. Deferring turnaround at Wynnewood to Spring 2022. CVR Partners deferring turnaroun at Coffeyville from Fall 2020 to Fall 2021 and East Dubuque from Fall 2021 to Fall of 2022.

Maintain Balance Sheet and Liquidity

Positioning to take advantage of market recovery and potential near-term opportuniti

- ✓ Ended 4Q 2020 with total liquidity position of $928 million[(1)] excluding CVR Partners. Despite challenges of 2020 CVR Energy did not see any meaningful deterioration in liquidity from year-end 2019.

Focus on Crude Oil Quality & Differentials

Leveraging our strategic location and proprietary gathering system to deliver high value neat crude oils to our refineries

- ✓ Gathering volumes in 4Q 2020 averaged over 117,000 bpd, up 43% from 2Q 2020 average. Current gatherin rates approximately 130,000 bpd including volumes on pipeline assets recently acquired from Blueknight Energy. Working to further increase volumes and reduce purchases of Cushing WTI.

Reduce our RIN Exposure

Reducing our RIN exposure through construction of Renewable Diesel Unit (RDU) at Wynnewood; continue to evaluate developing a wholesale/retail business

- ✓ Obtained Board of Directors approval of the Wynnewood renewable diesel project. Currently projecting 90 m reduction to 2021 RIN obligation resulting from expected mid-year start-up of RDU at Wynnewood. Internal R generation is expected to increase from 21% to 66% following start-up of RDU.

Reduce Lost Opportunities

Reducing lost opportunities and improving capture rates

- ✓ Total lost profit opportunities for 2020 declined by over 61% compared to 2019.

(1) Total liquidity as of December 31, 2020 comprised of $636 million of cash, $173 million of available for sale securities and availability under the ABL of $365 million, less cash included in the borrowi of $246 million

Capital Allocation Strategy

Key Priorities

- Create long-term value through safe, reliable operations and continuously optimizing core refining, fertilizer and associate logistics assets;
- Invest in high return projects that are complimentary to existing assets, improve feedstock supply and product placement
- Provide above average cash returns to investors through dividends/distributions and buybacks when value added; and,
- Protect the balance sheet by maintaining appropriate liquidity, reducing cost of capital and optimizing capital structure.

Non-Discretionary Asset Continuity

Safety, reliability and environmental compliance are **core to CVR's management philosophy**

- Approximately $100MM in annual sustaining and regulatory capex, allocated to assets through a continuous assessment process.
- Run-rate annual refining turnaround investment of $70MM over a four-year cycle to maximize asset utilization and reduce downtime exposure.

Discretionary Investment

Strategically invest in asset development and businesses that diversify and enhance core assets

- 30% target IRR for organic growth projects.
- Evaluate merger and acquisition activity as opportunities arise that diversify market driver exposure and offer significant synergy.

Financial Discipline & Investor Returns

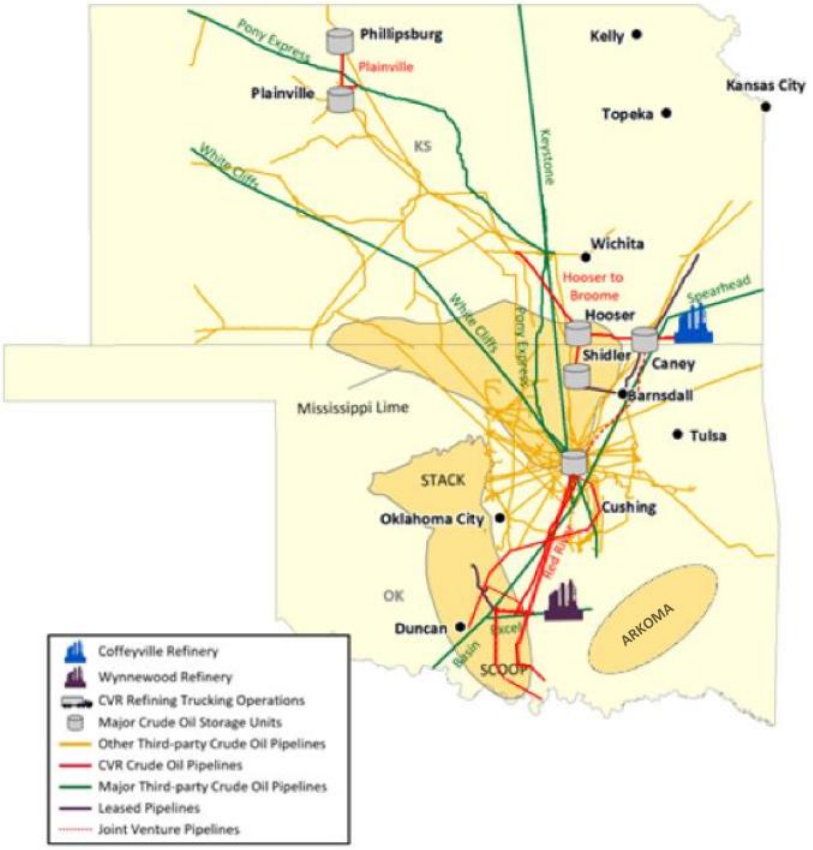
Maintain an attractive investment profile by focusin free cash flow generation for cash returns to stockholders

- Target an above average cash return yield for stockholders and unitholders.
- Repurchase stock/units when value added.
- Divest non-core or non-revenue generating assets.
- Ensure adequate liquidity to operate the business wh returning or investing excess cash.
- Maintain debt levels and capital structure profile in lin with or exceeding peer group.
- Disciplined approach to managing corporate overhea SG&A costs.

PETROLEUM SEGMENT

Asset Footprint

Strategically Located Assets near Cushing and SCOOP/STACK



Mid-Continent Refineries

Nameplate crude oil capacity of 206,500 bpd acro two refineries

- 4Q20 total throughput of 218,541 bpd
- 2020 total throughput of 183,295 bpd(1)

Average complexity of 10.8

Located in Group 3 of PADD II

Crude Oil Sourcing Optionality

- Refineries are strategically located ~ 100 to 130 r from Cushing, OK with access to dom conventional and locally gathered shale oils thr our truck fleet as well as Canadian crude oils
- Crude oil gathering system with access to produ across Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma and Missour
- Historical space on key pipelines provide a varie crude oil supply options; recently reversed Red R pipeline connecting Wynnewood to Cushing
- Current logistics asset portfolio includes over 1 miles of owned or JV pipelines, over 7 million ba of total crude oil and product storage capacity LACT units and 115 crude oil and LPG tractor-trail
- Recently acquired pipelines and related sto assets in Oklahoma from Blueknight Energy prov additional gathering capabilities at the wellhead

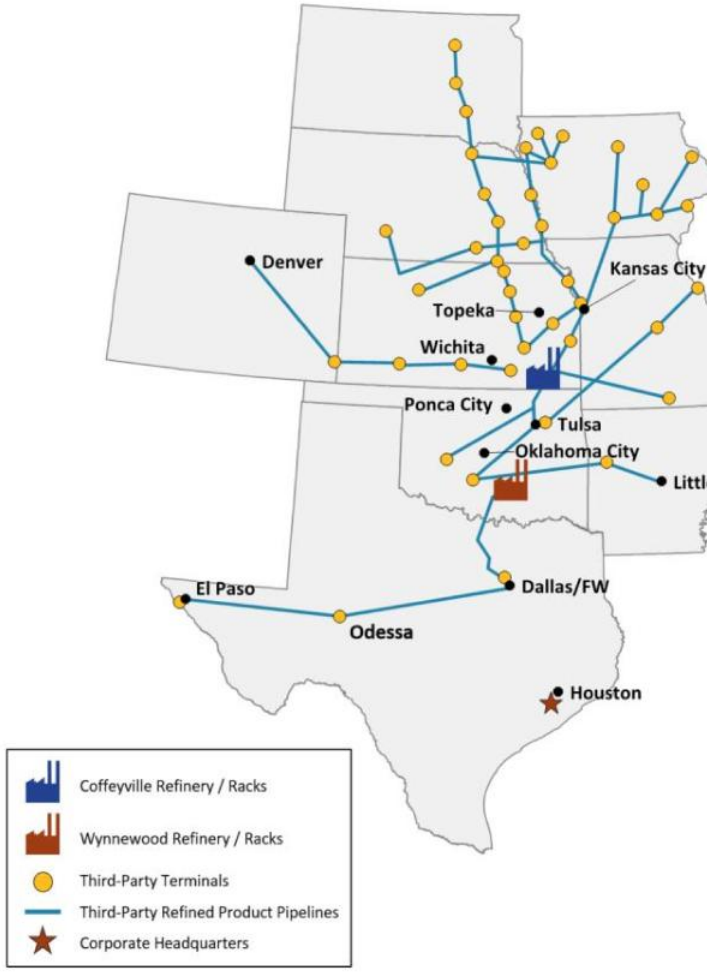
(1) Impacted by planned turnaround at Coffeyville in Spring 2020 and reduced demand due to COVID-19

Strategically Located Mid-Con Refineries

Multiple Takeaway Options Provide Product Placement Flexibility

Marketing Network Optionality

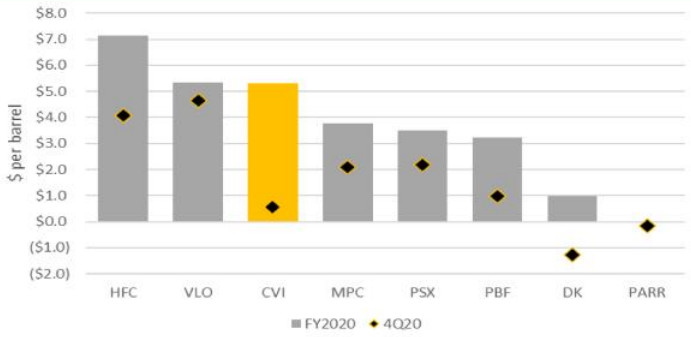
- Marketing activities focused in central mid-continent area via rack marketing, supplying nearby customers and at terminals on third-party distribution systems
  - Rack marketing enables the sale of blended products, allowing CVR opportunities to capture the RIN
- Majority of refined product volumes flow north on Magellan system or NuStar pipelines
- Flexibility to ship product south into Texas
- Over 100 product storage tanks with shell capacity of over 4 million barrels across both refineries



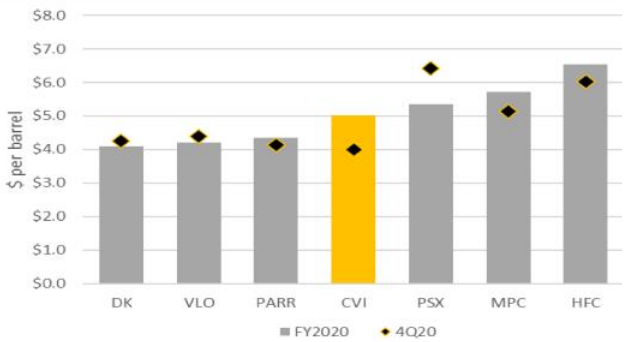
High-Quality Refining Assets

Consistent High Margin Generation and Low-Cost Operations

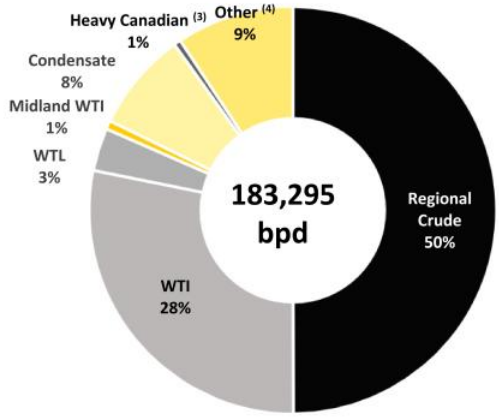
Consolidated Top-Tier Refining Margin(1)



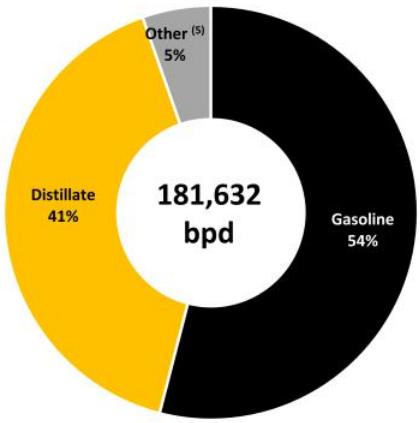
Consolidated Low-Cost Operator(2)



Total Throughput(1)



Total Production(1)

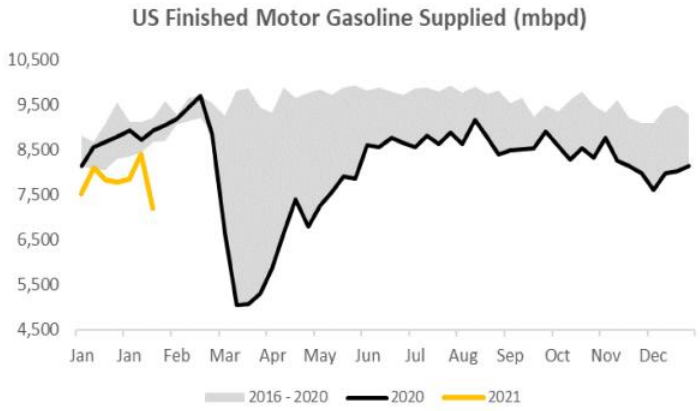


(1) Based on total throughputs for the last twelve months ended December 31, 2020.
(2) Operating expenses based on per barrel of total throughput for the last twelve months ended December 31, 2020.
(3) CVR Energy has contracted pipeline space up to 35,000 bpd but it has historically been more economic to sell heavy crude oils in Cushing, Oklahoma.
(4) Other includes light crude oils from the Rockies, natural gasoline, isobutane, normal butane and gas oil.
(5) Other includes pet coke, NGLs, slurry, sulfur and gas oil, and specialty products such as propylene and solvents; excludes internally produced fuels.

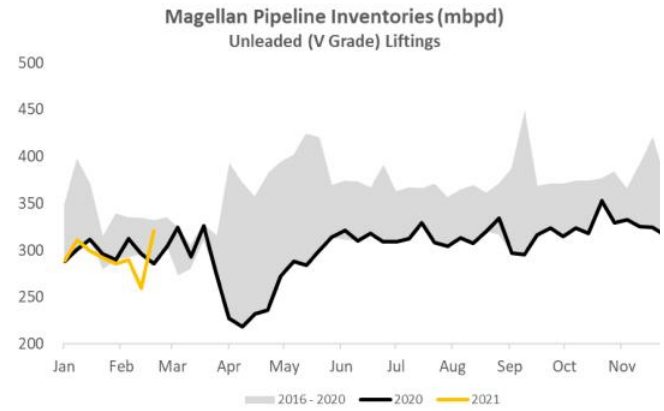
Improving Macro Environment

Mid Con Supply and Demand Fundamentals Trending Better than US Average

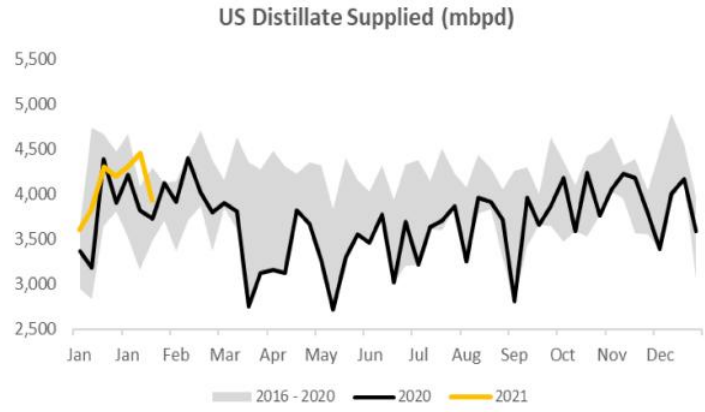
US Gasoline Demand



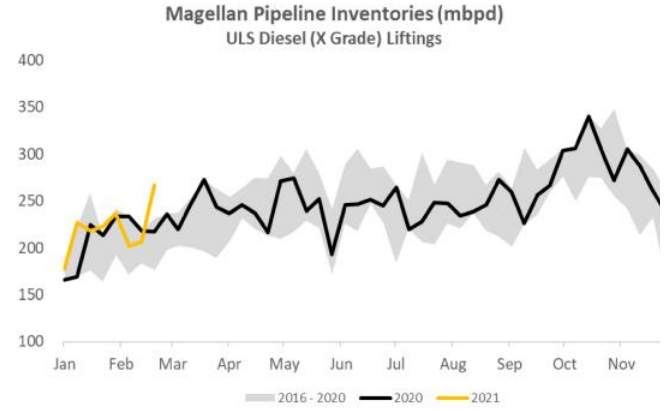
Magellan System Gasoline Demand



US Diesel Demand



Magellan System Diesel Demand

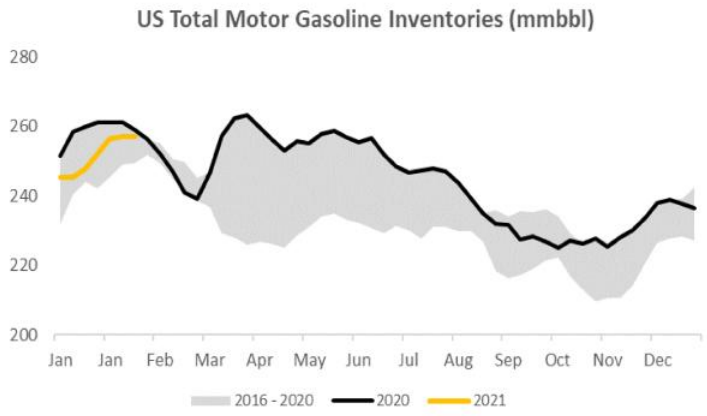


Source: EIA, Magellan

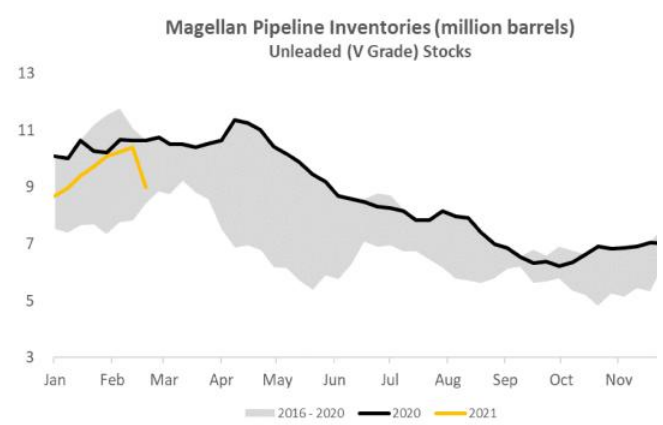
Improving Macro Environment

Mid Con Supply and Demand Fundamentals Trending Better than US Average

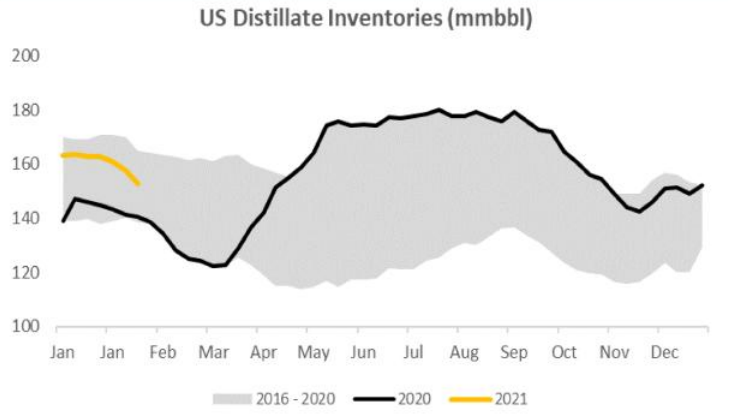
US Gasoline Inventories



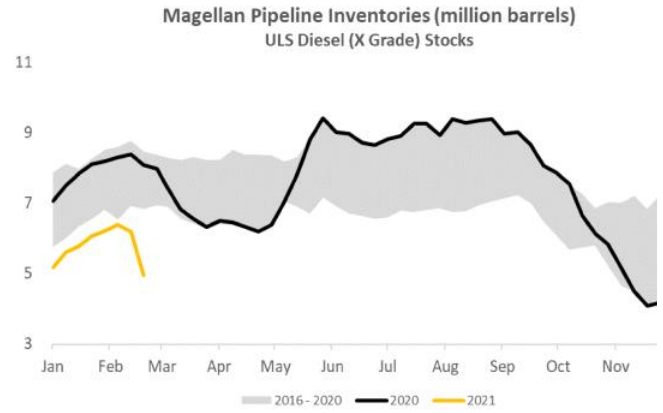
Magellan System Gasoline Inventories



US Diesel Inventories



Magellan System Diesel Inventories

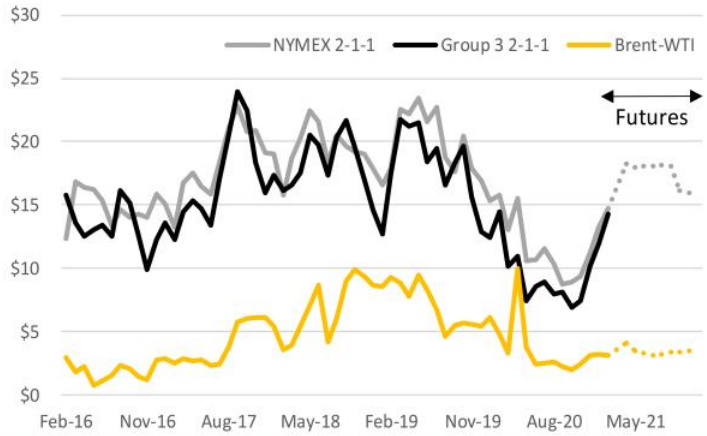


Source: EIA, Magellan

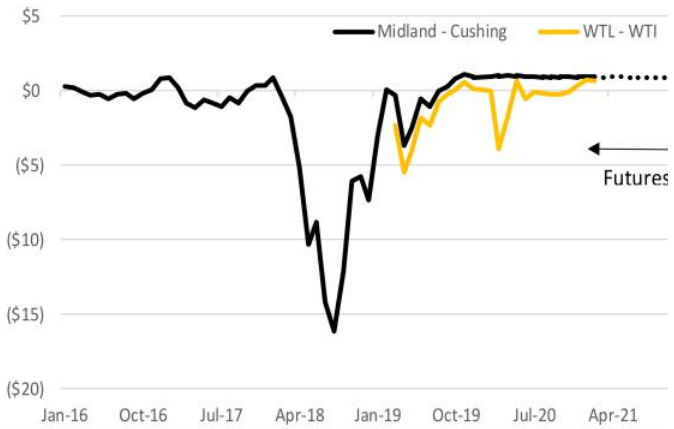
Improving Macro Environment

Crack Spreads Have Improved With Product Demand Recovery and Inventory Declines

2-1-1 Crack Spreads & Brent-WTI Differentials ($/bbl)

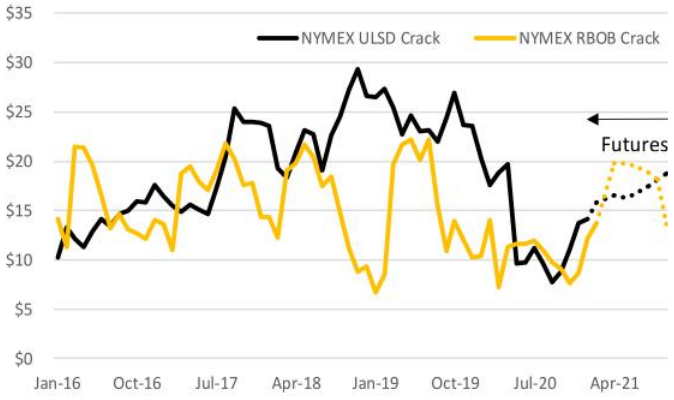


WTI-Based Gasoline and ULSD Crack Spreads ($/bb



WCS – WTI Differential ($/bbl)

Midland-Cushing and WTL-WTI Differentials ($/bbl)



Source: MarketView as February 23, 2021

Progressing Renewable Diesel Project[1]

Potential Multi-Phase Project Utilizing Existing Assets at Both Refineries

Phase 1: Wynnewood Hydrocracker Conversion (Board Approved)

- Convert the existing hydrocracker at Wynnewood to Renewable Diesel serv
- Retool the Wynnewood Refinery for maximum condensate processing
- Capacity of 100 million gallons per year of washed and refined soybean oil processing to produce renewable diesel and naphtha
- In-service by mid-2021 would allow for recouping significant portion of inves by YE 2022 through capture of Blenders Tax Credit (BTC), Low Carbon Fue Standard (LCFS) credits and Renewable Identification Numbers (RINs)

Phase 2: Transition to Feedstocks with Lower Carbon Intensity

- Install pre-treatment for processing of inedible corn oil, animal fats and used cooking oil that generate additional LCFS credits
- Considering sizing pre-treatment unit to accommodate potential renewable project at Coffeyville (Phase 3)
- Expected to improve LPG recoveries and lower carbon intensity with offgas recycle

Phase 3: Implement similar project at Coffeyville

- Existing excess hydrogen capacity at Coffeyville would allow for a similar conversion project
- Coffeyville could potentially support a larger project given additional hydroge production capacity and existing high-pressure hydrotreating capacity

[1] Project and phases under consideration and subject to final Board approval and other applicable requirements.

Progressing Renewable Diesel Project[1]

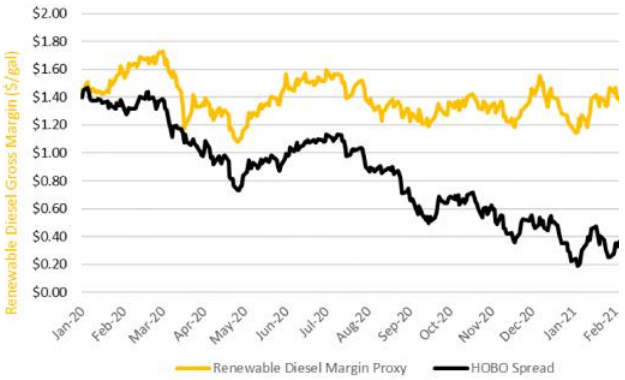
Full Board Approval for Phase 1

Wynnewood Hydrocracker Conversion

Project Highlights:

- Convert 19,000 BPD hydrocracker at Wynnewood to process 100 million gallons per year of washed and bleached soybean oil to produce renewable diesel and renewable naphtha.
- Total estimated capital spend of approximately $110MM.
- Majority of capital spend allocated to associated logistics assets (rail loading and unloading, rail cars and track, tankage).
- Excess hydrogen capacity at Wynnewood and minimal modifications required to existing hydrocracker could allow this project to be completed faster and at lower capital cost than most competing projects.
- Primary goal is to capture the credits currently available in the market: $1/gal BTC approved through 2022 in addition to RINs generated and LCFS credits.
- In-service by mid-2021 would potentially allow for full capital investment recovery by January 1, 2023 if BTC expires.

Renewable Diesel Margin Proxy



[1] Subject to final regulatory and other applicable approvals

Progressing Renewable Diesel Project[1]

Renewable Diesel Project Economics and Sensitivities

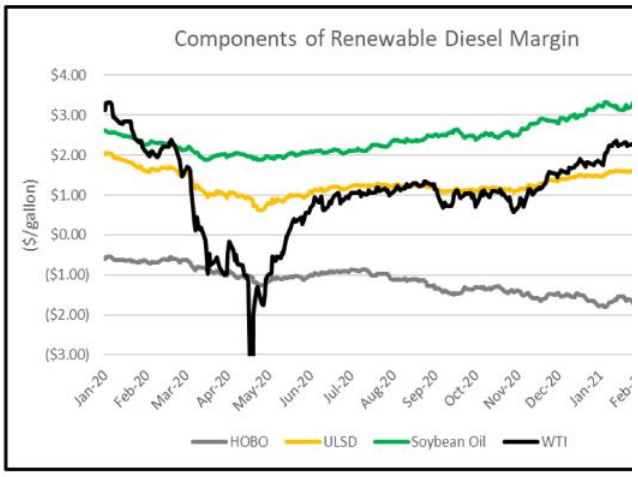
Project Economics:

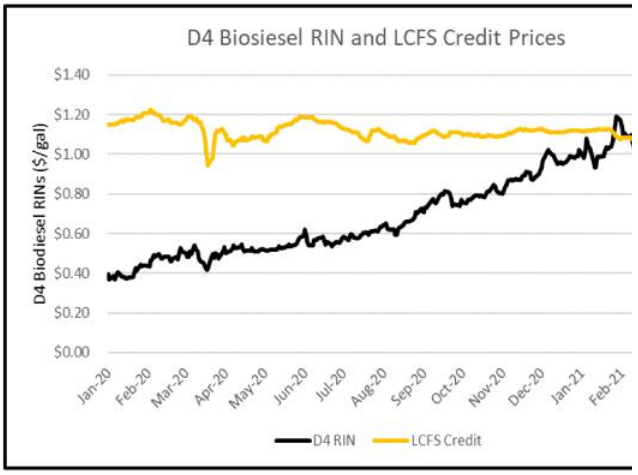
- Renewable diesel margins impacted by several factors:
  - Crude oil price and spread between ULSD and Soybean oil (HOBO spread)
  - RINs prices (1.7 D4 Biodiesel RINs generated per gallon of renewable diesel produced)
  - BTC ($1/gal credit authorized through 2022)
  - LCFS credit prices
    - Carbon Intensity (CI) of feedstock utilized impacts value of LCFS credits

CVR Energy plans to retain the flexibility to return the unit to hydrocarbon processing or install another reactor on the diesel hydrotreater to regain lost hydrocarbon processing capacity if dictated by the margin environment.

Sensitivities (Annual Cash Flows)[2]:

HOBO Spread	$0.10 per gal	$10M
Federal Blenders Credit	$1.00 per gal	$98M
RIN Price	$0.10 per gal	$17M
Pretreatment	$0.04 per pound	$32M

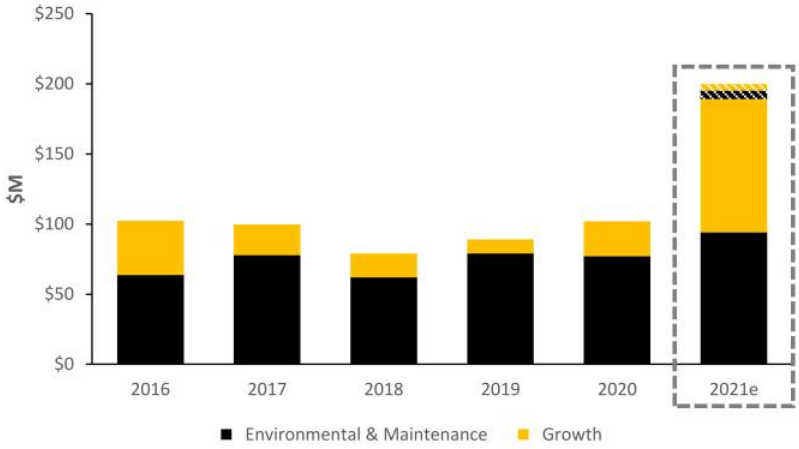




[1] Subject to final regulatory and other applicable approvals
[2] Based on approximately 100 million gallons per year

Capital Expenditures and Turnarounds

Disciplined Approach to Capital Spending

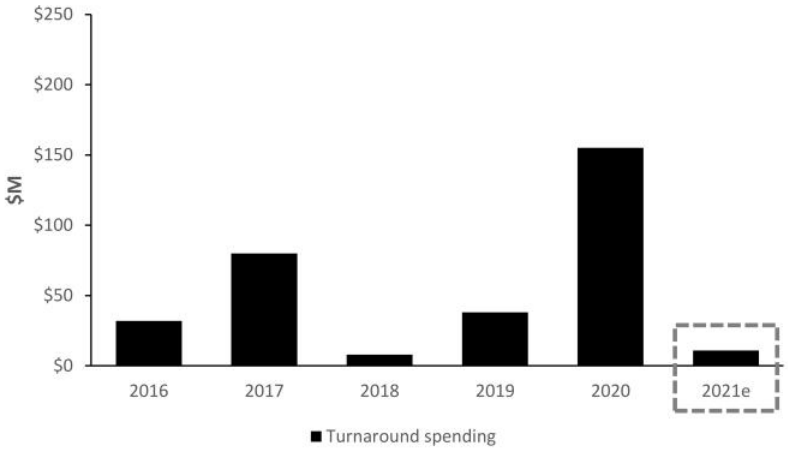


2021 Petroleum Segment and RDU Capex of $189 - $

Environmental and Maintenance spending plann
$94M to $100M for FY21.

Growth capex budgeted at $95M to $100M

- Substantially all budgeted growth capital spendin
2021 is related to the RDU project at the Wynnev
Refinery, which is expected to be competed in m
2021.



2021 Turnaround spending of $11M

- No significant turnaround spending planned for 20
- Wynnewood and Coffeyville Refineries pre-plannin
expenditures have an estimated cost of $6M and $
respectively, to be incurred in 2021.

Note: As of December 31, 2020

FERTILIZER SEGMENT

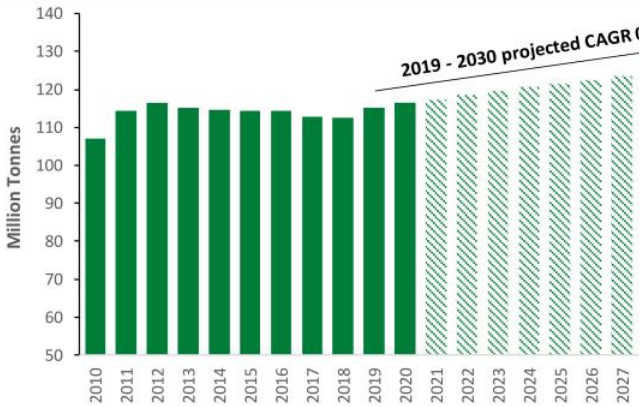
Stable Trends in Fertilizer Demand

Global and Domestic Demand for Nitrogen Remains Steady

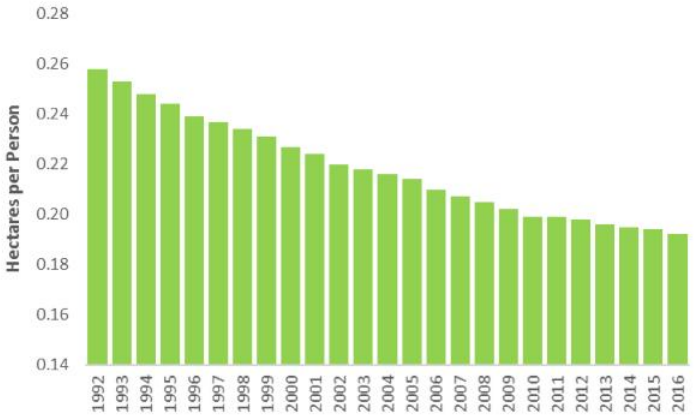
Global nitrogen consumption increased by 15% between 2009 and 2020 driven by:

- Population growth
- Decrease in arable farmland per capita
- Biofuel consumption
- Continued evolution to more protein-based diets in developing countries

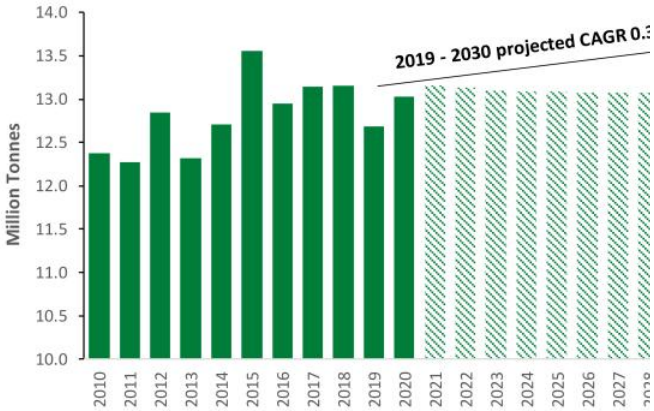
Global Nitrogen Consumption



Global Arable Land per Capita



US Nitrogen Consumption

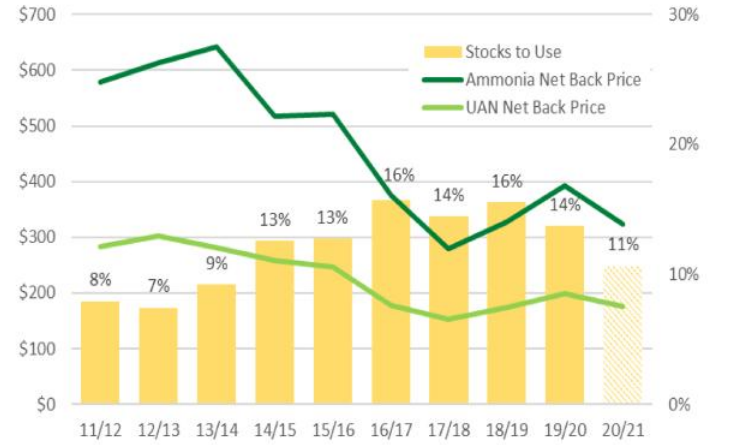


Source: Fertecon, World Bank

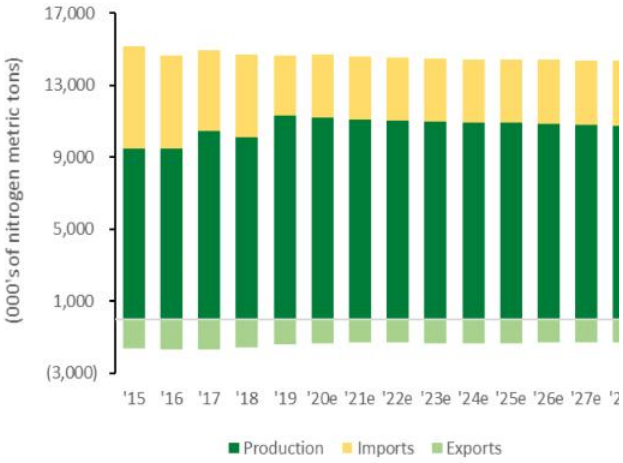
U.S Nitrogen Supply & Demand

Domestic Supply and Demand Picture is Currently More Balanced

Corn Stocks to Use Compared to Netback Fertilizer Pricing



US Nitrogen Supply



- Nitrogen fertilizers represent approximately 15% of farmers' cost structure and significantly improves yields.
- UAN prices in 2020 declined $23/ton from 2019, or 12% Y/Y.
- USDA projecting stocks to use ratio for 2020/2021 at less than 11%, its lowest level in over 5 years.
  - Since the beginning of 2021 prices have risen over $65/ton.

- Major global nitrogen capacity build cycle large complete in 2017/2018, and additional tons hav absorbed by the market.
- Between drought conditions in the Midwest an Derecho storm during the summer, harvested a and expected yields came in lower than initially expected.

Lower ending corn stocks and the recent increase in corn prices have driven demand and pricing higher for nitrogen fe

Source: USDA, Fertecon

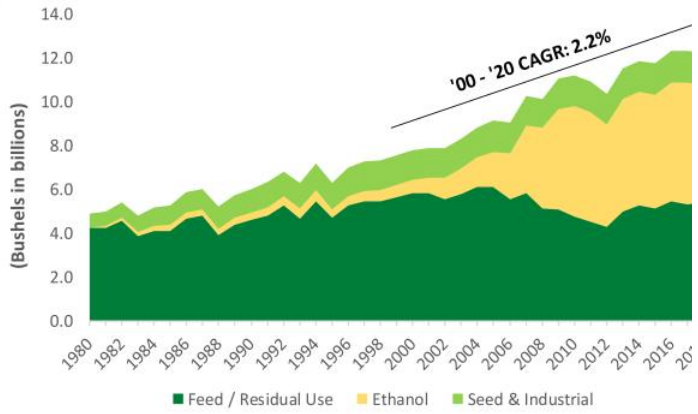
Strong Demand for Corn in the U.S.

Increasing Corn Consumption is Positive for Nitrogen Demand

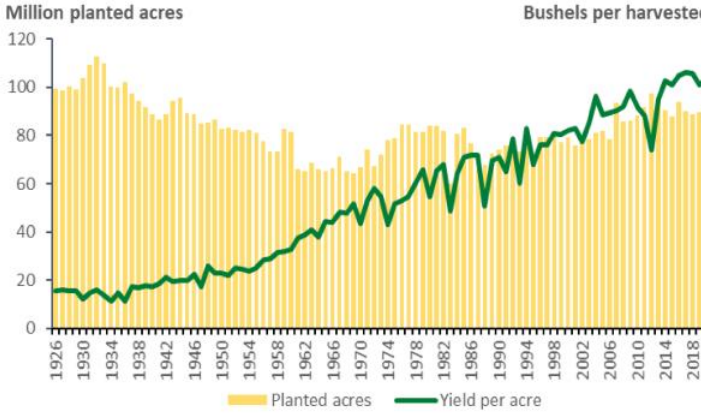
Corn has a variety of uses and applications, including feed grains, ethanol for fuel and food, seed and industrial (FSI)

- Feed grains
  - ~96% of domestic feed grains are supplied by corn
  - Consumes ~38% of annual corn crop(1)
- Ethanol
  - Consumes ~37% of annual corn crop(1)
  - Corn demand for 2021 may be impacted by the loss of gasoline and ethanol demand as a result of COVID-19
  - Increased export volumes are more than offsetting temporary demand loss from ethanol
- Corn production driven more by yield than acres planted
- Nitrogen is low on the cost curve for farmers

U.S. Domestic Corn Use



Domestic Corn Planted Acres and Yield per Acre



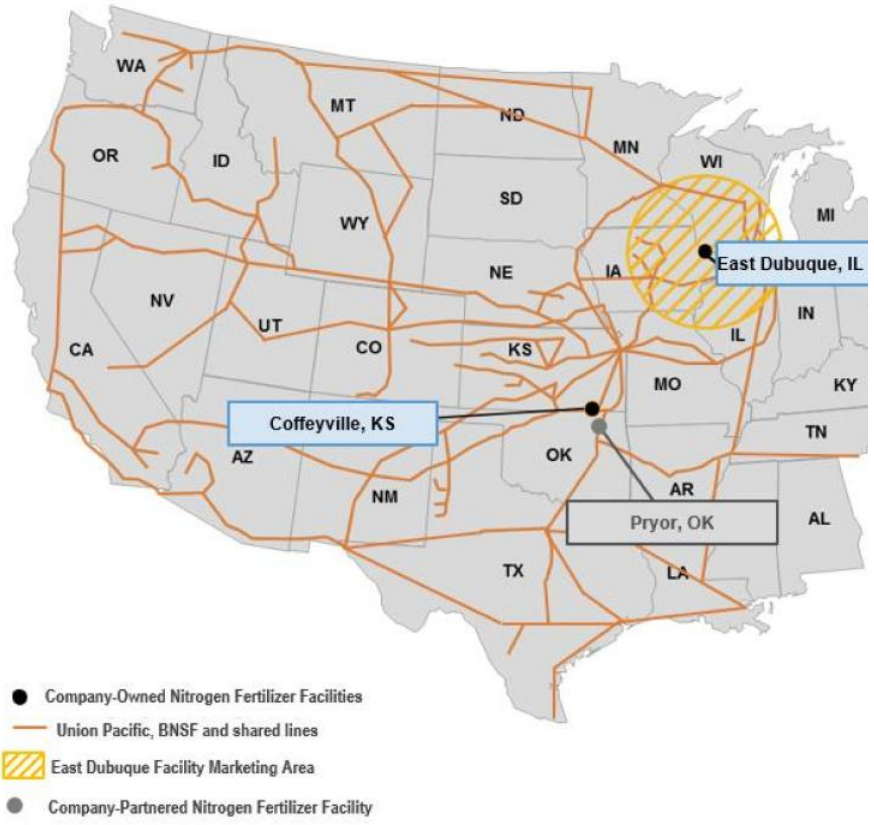
Source: USDA Economic Research Service and USDA WASDE.

(1) Based on 2016 – 2020 average.

Strategically Located Assets

Well-Positioned in Premium Pricing Regions

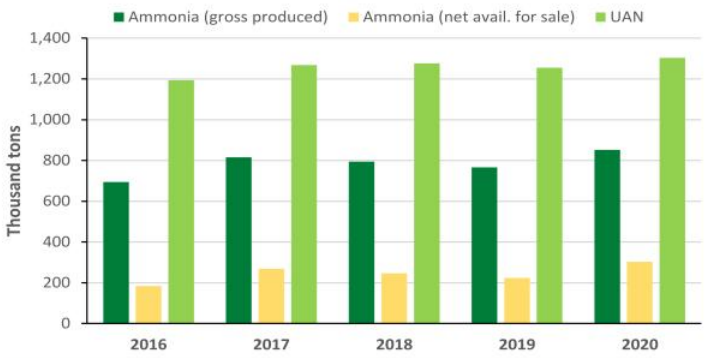
- Large geographic footprint serving the Southern Plains and Corn Belt region
- Well positioned to minimize distribution costs and maximize net back pricing
- Rail loading rack at Coffeyville provides significant logistics optionality west of the Mississippi River due to access to both UP and BNSF delivery points
- Production sustainability due to storage capabilities at the plants and offsite locations
- Marketing agreement with LSB Industries Pryor, OK, facility's UAN production



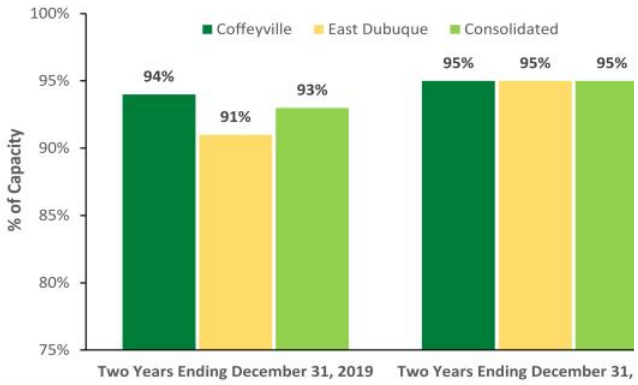
Key Operating Statistics

Consistent High Utilization at Both Facilities

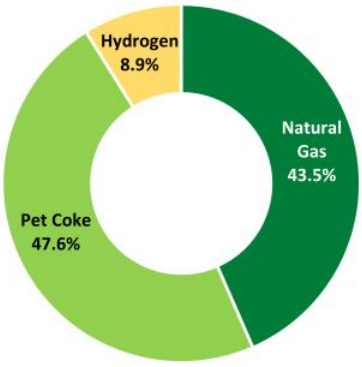
Consolidated Production Volumes (1)



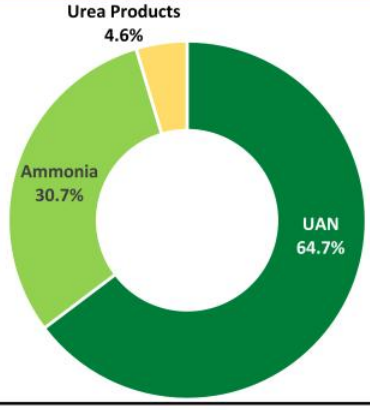
Ammonia Utilization(2)



Consolidated Feedstocks Costs(1)



Consolidated Sales Revenue(1)(3)

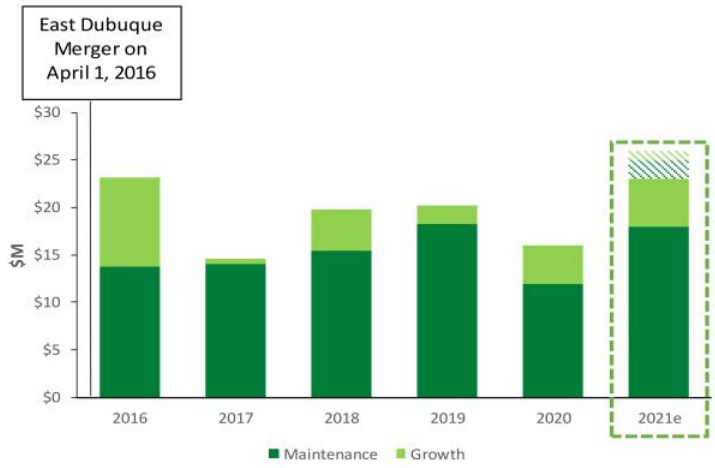


Achieved record production of UAN and Ammonia at East Dubuque and record consolidated Ammonia utilization in

(1) For the last twelve months ended December 31, 2020.
(2) Adjusted by planned turnarounds.
(3) Excludes freight.

Capital Expenditures and Turnaround Expenses

Primarily Focused on Maintenance Spending

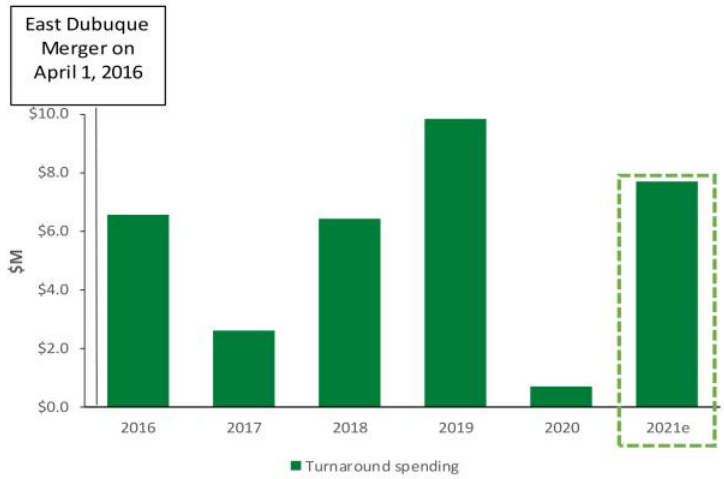


2021 Total Capex budget of $23M - $26M

Environmental and Maintenance spending plann at $18M - $20M

Growth capex budgeted at $5M - $6M

- Growth capex budget includes Urea/UAN expansion projects at Coffeyville



2021 Turnaround spending planned at $7M - $

- Maintenance work completed during unplanned downtime at Coffeyville in 1Q20 enabled pushing the turnaround scheduled from the Fall of 2020 to the Fall of 2021
- East Dubuque turnaround planned for the Fa of 2021 being deferred to the second half of 2022

Note: As of December 31, 2020

APPENDIX

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Available Cash for Distribution *- EBITDA for the quarter excluding non-cash income or expense items (if any), for which adjustment is deemed necessary or appropriate by the board of directors (the "Board") of our general partner in its sole discretion, less (i) reserves for maintenance capital expenditures, debt ser and other contractual obligations, and (ii) reserves for future operating or capital needs (if any), in each case, that the Board deems necessary or appropriate sole discretion. Available cash for distribution may be increased by the release of previously established cash reserves, if any, and other excess cash, at the discretion of the Board.*

Direct Operating Expenses per Throughput Barrel *represents direct operating expenses for the Company's Petroleum segment divided by total throughput ba during the period, which is calculated as total throughput barrels per day times the number of days in the period.*

EBITDA *represents net income (loss) before (i) interest expense, net, (ii) income tax expense (benefit) and (iii) depreciation and amortization expense.*

Net Debt and Finance Lease Obligations Exclusive of Nitrogen Fertilizer *- Net debt and finance lease obligation is total debt and finance lease obligations re for cash and cash equivalents.*

Refining Margin *represents the difference between the Company's Petroleum segment net sales and cost of materials and other.*

Refining Margin adjusted for Inventory Valuation Impact *represents Refining Margin adjusted to exclude the impact of current period market price and volu fluctuations on crude oil and refined product inventories purchased in prior periods and lower of cost or net realizable value adjustments, if necessary. The Company records its commodity inventories on the first-in-first-out basis. As a result, significant current period fluctuations in market prices and the volumes i holds in inventory can have favorable or unfavorable impacts on its refining margins as compared to similar metrics used by other publicly-traded companies refining industry.*

Refining Margin and Refining Margin adjusted for Inventory Valuation Impact, per Throughput Barrel *represents Refining Margin divided by the total throughput barrels during the period, which is calculated as total throughput barrels per day times the number of days in the period.*

Total Debt and Net Debt and Finance Lease Obligations to EBITDA Exclusive of Nitrogen Fertilizer *is calculated as the consolidated debt and net debt and f lease obligations less the Nitrogen Fertilizer Segment's debt and net debt and finance lease obligations as of the most recent period ended divided by E exclusive of the Nitrogen Fertilizer Segment for the most recent twelve-month period.*

Note: Due to rounding, numbers presented within this section may not add or equal to numbers or totals presented elsewhere within this document

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

(In USD Millions)

CVR Energy, Inc.	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Net Income	$ 10	$ 258	$ 366	$ 362	$ (320)
Add: Interest expense and other financing costs, net of interest income	83	109	102	102	130
Add: Income tax expense (benefit)	(19)	(220)	79	129	(95)
Add: Depreciation and amortization	229	258	274	297	278
EBITDA	**$ 303**	**$ 405**	**$ 821**	**$ 880**	**$ (7)**

Petroleum Segment

(In USD Millions, except per bbl data)

Refining Margin per throughput barrel	**1Q 2020**	**2Q 2020**	**3Q 2020**	**4Q 2020**	**2020[1]**
Refining margin	$ 22	$ 148	$ 101	$ 27	$ 298
Divided by: total throughput barrels	14	14	19	20	67
Refining margin per throughput barrel	$ 1.52	$ 10.43	$ 5.47	$ 1.32	$ 4.44
Inventory valuation impacts	$ 136	$ (46)	$ (16)	$ (15)	$ 58
Refining margin, excluding inventory valuation impacts	158	102	85	12	356
Divided by: total throughput barrels	14	14	19	20	67
Refining margin, excluding inventory valuations impacts, per throughput barrel	**$ 11.06**	**$ 7.18**	**$ 4.61**	**$ 0.56**	**$ 5.31**

Direct Operating Expense per throughput barrel	**1Q 2020**	**2Q 2020**	**3Q 2020**	**4Q 2020**	**2020[1]**
Direct operating expenses	$ 84	$ 79	$ 77	$ 81	$ 319
Throughput (bpd)	156,518	156,369	201,168	218,541	183,295
Total Throughput (mm bbls)	14	14	19	20	67
Direct operating expenses per total throughput barrel	**$ 5.87**	**$ 5.52**	**$ 4.17**	**$ 3.99**	**$ 4.76**

Note: All amounts on this slide are adjusted for the turnaround accounting change effective in 1Q19. These amounts are unaudited

(1) Due to rounding, numbers within this table may not add or equal to totals presented

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

(In USD Millions)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2020	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Three Months Ended September 30, 2020	Three Months Ended December 31, 2020	Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2020[1]
Consolidated					
Net loss	$ (101)	$ (32)	$ (108)	$ (78)	**$ (320)**
Add:					
Interest expense, net	35	31	31	32	**130**
Income tax benefit	(36)	(5)	(31)	(23)	**(95)**
Depreciation and amortization	64	74	69	70	**278**
EBITDA	$ (38)	$ 68	$ (39)	$ 1	**$ (7)**
Nitrogen Fertilizer					
Net loss	$ (21)	$ (42)	$ (19)	$ (17)	**$ (98)**
Add:					
Interest expense, net	16	16	16	16	**63**
Depreciation and amortization	16	24	18	19	**76**
EBITDA	$ 11	$ (2)	$ 15	$ 18	**$ 41**
EBITDA exclusive of Nitrogen Fertilizer	$ (49)	$ 70	$ (54)	$ (17)	**$ (48)**

(1) Due to rounding, numbers within this table may not add or equal to totals presented

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

(In USD Millions)

CVR Partners, LP	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Net Income (loss)	$ (27)	$ (73)	$ (50)	$ (35)	$ (98)
Add: Interest expense and other financing costs, net of interest income	49	63	62	62	63
Add: Income tax expense (benefit)	-	-	-	-	-
Add: Depreciation and amortization	58	74	72	80	76
EBITDA	**$ 80**	**$ 64**	**$ 84**	**$ 107**	**$ 41**

2021 Estimated Capital Expenditures

	2020 Actual			2021 Estimate [1][3]					
				Maintenance		Growth		Total	
	Maintenance	Growth	Total	Low	High	Low	High	Low	
Petroleum	$ 77	$ 13	$ 90	$ 94	$ 100	$ -	$ -	$ 94	$
Nitrogen Fertilizer	12	4	16	18	20	5	6	23	
Other [2][3]	3	12	15	3	4	95	100	98	
Total	**$ 92**	**$ 29**	**$ 121**	**$ 115**	**$ 124**	**$ 100**	**$ 106**	**$ 215**	**$**

(1) Total 2021 estimated capital costs includes approximately $3 to $4 million of growth-related projects that will require additional approvals before commencement
(2) Includes total 2020 RDU capital expenditures of $12 million
(3) Includes total 2021 estimated RDU capital expenditures of between $95 and $100 million

Simplified Organizational Structure